

面向MASS的智能船舶态势感知解决方案

Thoughts on Situation Awareness Requirements for MASS Code

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Smart Shipping • Digital Ocean

智能航行是航运发展的现实需求和未来方向 MASS is the Solution for Industrial Challenges

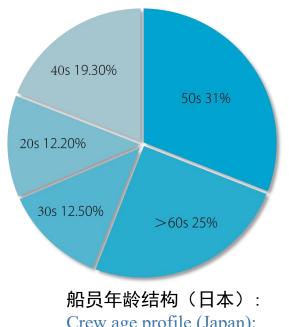


安全隐患 Safety



- 62% 的事故是由人为因素造成 62% of accidents are caused by human factors
- 96% 的人员伤亡事故是人为因素造成 96% of casualties are caused by human factors
- 航运事故每年损失15亿美金 Shipping accidents cost \$1.5 billion a year

船员短缺 Crew shortage



船页年龄结构(日本):
Crew age profile (Japan):
50岁以上: 56%
Over 50 years old: 56%
60岁以上: 25%
Over 60: 25%

成本压力 Costs



燃油成本: 20[~]40% Fuel cost: 20~40% 人员成本: 10-40% Personnel cost: 10-40%



现有技术的痛点及视觉感知技术的必要性

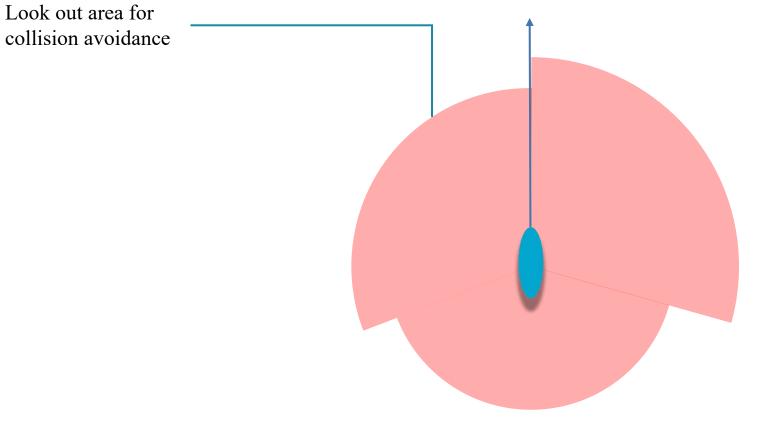
Shortcomings of Existing Technology & visual detection technology essential for MASS



船舶周边态势感知是MASS的基础



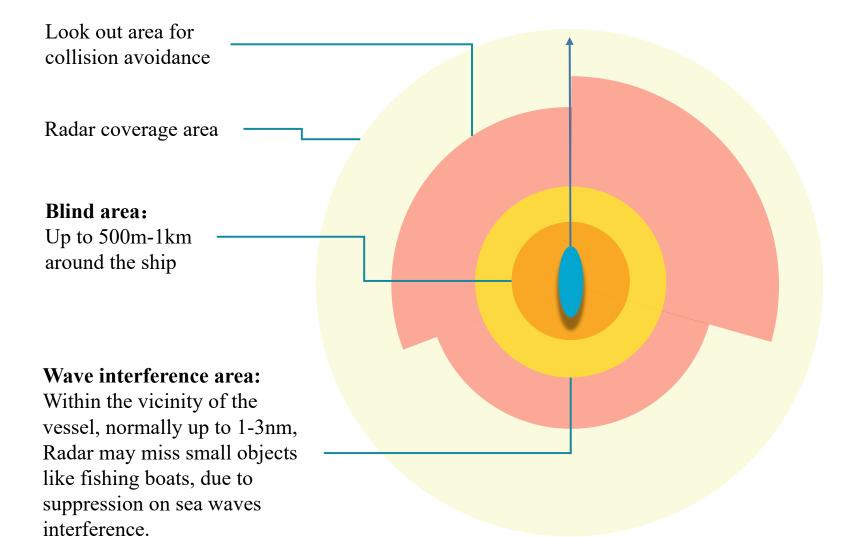
Surrounding Situation Awareness Foundation for MASS Navigation



(GOODWIN E M.A statistical study of ship domains[J].Journal of Navigation,1975)



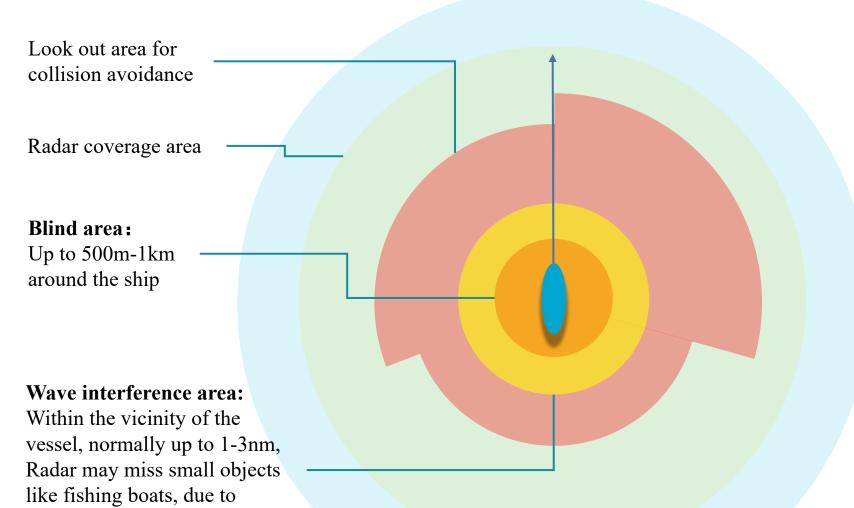




雷达和AIS不足以满足MASS的需求 Radar and AIS not sufficient for MASS

suppression on sea waves

interference.





AIS coverage area

- Some ships may turn off AIS and cannot be monitored;
- Timing conflicts are likely to occur in busy waters, some times about 20-25% of the signals may be received;
- Time-delay

视觉感知技术的必要性 Visual detection technology essential for MASS

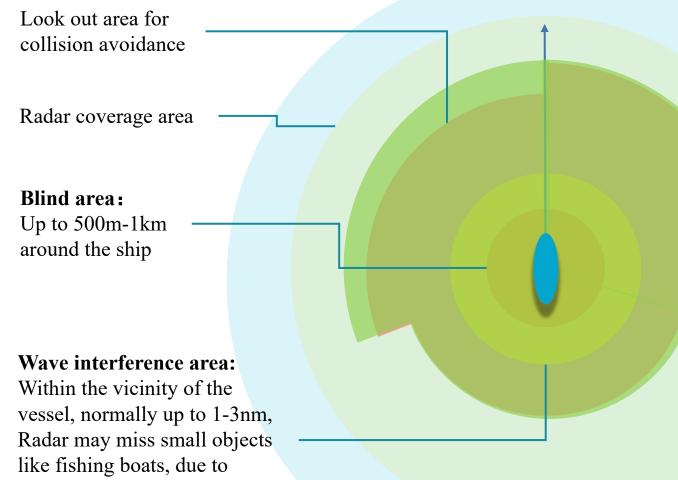


AIS coverage area

- Some ships may turn off AIS ٠ and cannot be monitored;
- Timing conflicts are likely to occur in busy waters, some times about 20-25% of the signals may be received;
- Time-delay ٠

Visual detection technology:

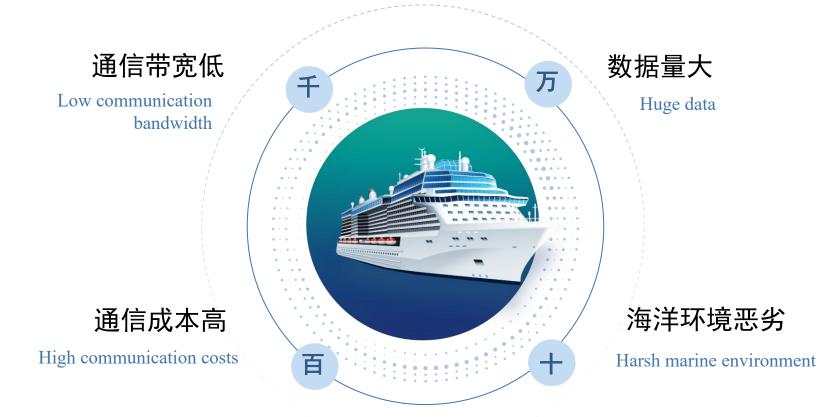
- Up to 99.99% detection rate;
- Can make up shortcomings of Radar and AIS;
- Can be used independently;
- Less affected by vibration and ٠ motion of vessel;
- Strong anti-interference ability;
- Easy to check/verify.



suppression on sea waves interference.

视觉感知在海事领域的挑战

Challenges for Visual Technology in Shipping Industries



Huge amount of data, in conjunction with low bandwidth and high costs for communication on sea, makes the MASS with only two choices, either Remote Controlled vessel, which is only possible for near-shore (<20km), short-voyage shipping routes, or autonomous driving vessel with visual detection technology, which can be applied on all water.

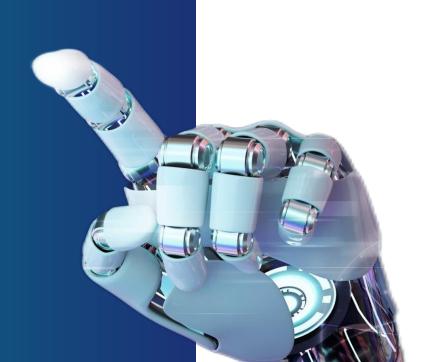
视觉感知技术在船舶行业中的应用优势 Advantages of Applying Visual Detection Technology in Shipping Industry



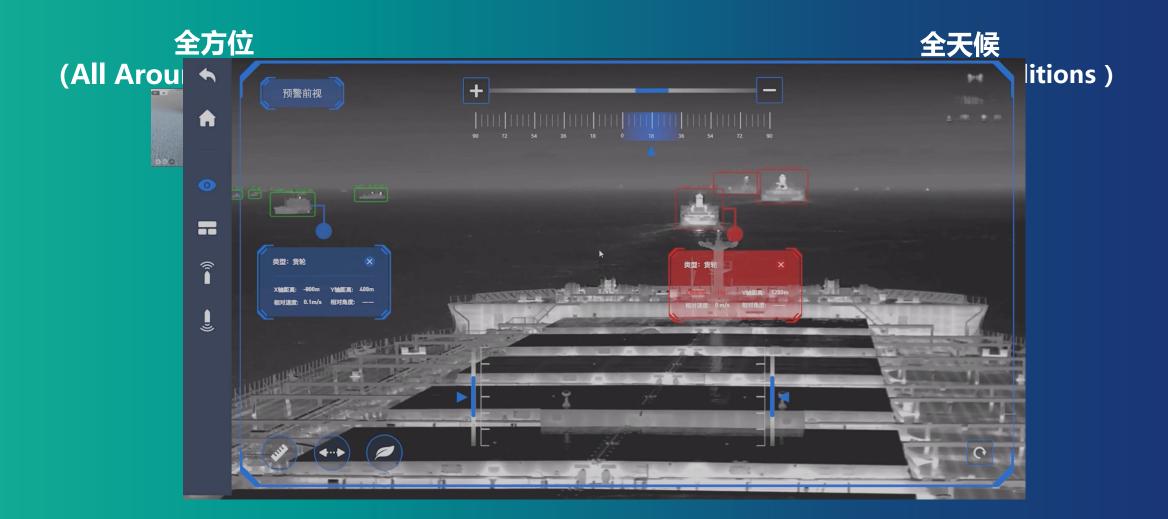


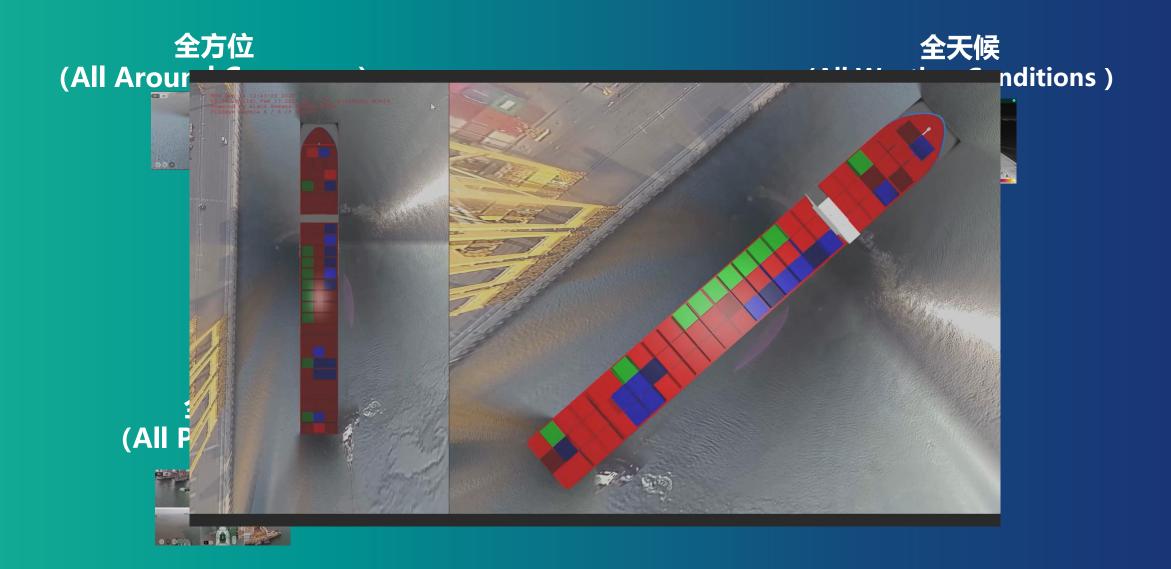
迈润智能在船舶周边 态势感知方向的实践

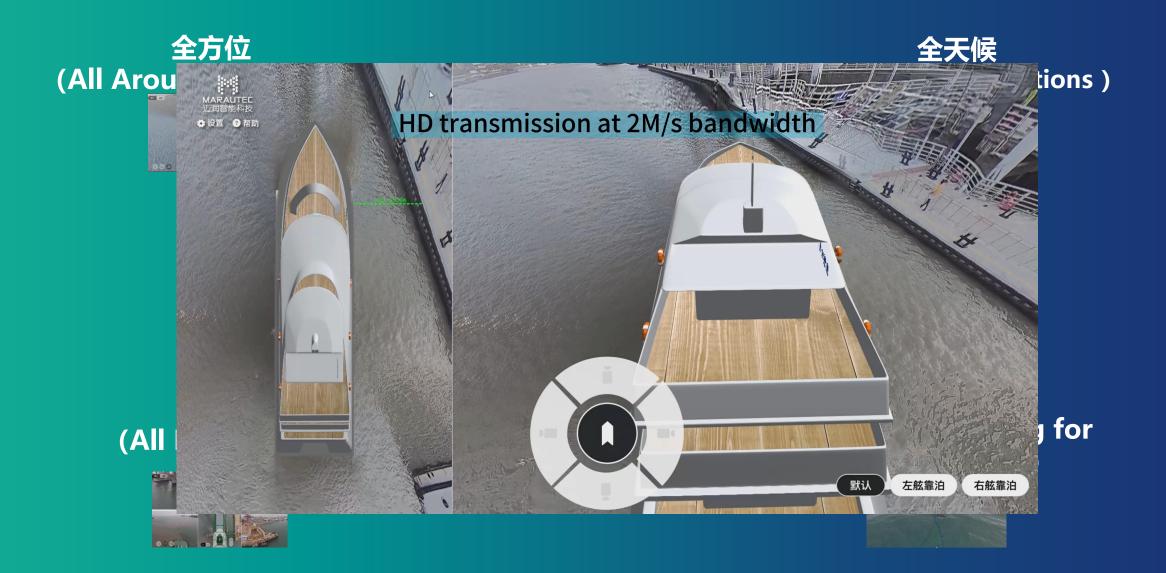
--Marautec's practice on situational awareness based on AI visual detection technology











AI 视觉感知技术vs. 其他技术

AI Visual Detection vs. Other Technologies



类型	内容	识别率的高低取决于
Type	Contents	Detected by
CCTV	摄像头+ 视频 Camera+ video	人眼/大脑 Human eye/brain
增强现实	摄像头+ 视频+ AIS + 雷	AIS + 雷达
AR	Camera + vide达+ AIS + Radar	AIS + Radar
AI视觉感知	摄像头 + 视频+ AI算法	AI视觉感知技术
AI Visual Detection	Camera + video + AI algorithm	AI Visual Detection
迈润航海慧眼	摄像头+ 视频+ AI + AIS + 雷达 + 电子	AI视觉感知+ AIS+ Radar
Marautec i-EYE	海图amera+ video+ AI + AIS + Radar + E-chart	AI Visual + AIS+ Radar
CCTV	AR	Marautec i-EYE

应用船型及合作客户 Business Cases



集装箱船 Container Ship



多用途船 Multipurpose Ship







散货船 Bulk carrier



<mark>江船</mark> River Boat







液化石油气船 LPG



拖轮 Tug boat









涉客船舶 Cruise Ship



挖泥船 Dredger

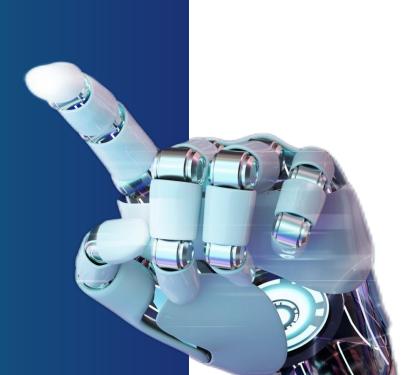






基于MASS规则的 船舶周边态势感知的规则思考

Thoughts on Surrounding Situation Awareness Requirements for MASS Code



自主驾驶和遥控驾驶路径对比 Remote Controlled Vs. Autonomous with AI Visual Detection Technology



				Auton	omous (AI	incl	uded)			
Look Assis	out tance	Risk Alert	Autonor level 1	nous	Autonomous level 2		Autonomo level 3		utonomous evel 4	Autonomous level 5
	l Detection lar + AIS + E-	+Collision risk identification		avoidance	+Recommending maneuvering stra (engine speed/ru	itegy	+Automa control 8 monitore intervene by crew o board	k by ed&&& ed in	rcrew onboard Monitored and	Fully autonomous, unmanned onboard +Onshore staff standby +Contingency plan
				R	Remote Co	ntro	olled			
Rad	ar+AIS+E-cha	rt		+Real	-time HD video	trans	mission		+Onshore Re	emote control
				Rev	note Cont	rolle	ed + Al	1		
	ar+AIS+E-char sual detection	t	+ Sea-S	hore Core Data	Transmission+O	nshore	e video reco	onstruction	+Onshore Re	emote control
	Number of Crew	Qualification Required	Work Load	Visual Detection Technology	Data Volume		width uired	Signal Stability Required	Telecommunication Infrastructure Investm	Suitable Poute
utonomous	Reduced gradually	Reduced gradually	Reduced gradually	Required	Small	Lo	ow	Low	Low, based on existing	
Remote ntrolled + Al	Crew	High		Required	Small	Lo	ow	High	 maritime communication infrastructure 	
Remote Controlled	moved onshore		High	Reduced	None	Huge	Hi	gh	High	High



识别范围:影响因素 Detection range: Affecting factors

速度 Speed

目标物 Objects

环境

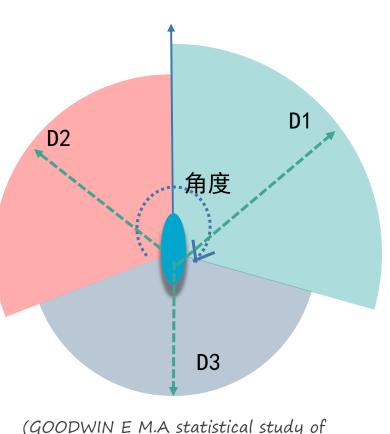
Environment

- 全回转推进器 azimuth-thruster
- 艏侧推 bow-thruster

动态/静态 Moving/still

风/浪/流 Wind/wave/current





Parameters

(GOODWIN E M.A statistical study of ship domains[J].Journal of Navigation,1975)



What should be detected?



目标物 Objects















Lookout Assistance	Risk Alert	Autonomous level 1	Autonomous level 2	Autonomous level 3	Autonomous level 4	Autonomous level 5
Visual Detection +Radar + AIS + E- Chart	+Collision risk identification	+Route planning for collision avoidance	+Recommending maneuvering strategy (engine speed/rudder)	+Automatic control & monitored & intervened by crew on board	Equipments maintenance by crew onboard & Monitored and intervened by onshore staff standby	Fully autonomous, unmanned onboard +Onshore staff standby +Contingency plan
					Less crew 99.9%?	Unmanned 99.99%?
			Periodic 99	monitoring		

Real-time monitoring 85%/95%?

规范及标准需要考虑的内容 Visual Detection Technology for MASS Code: What should be considered?



Topics		Relevant Parameters	Contents	
Visual detection technolo	ogy mandatory f	or MASS?	Yes or No	
Objects	What objects	should be detected to ensure navigation safety?	Define type of objects, and relevant dimensions like size, shape, colour, temperature etc.	
Look out area for collision avoidance				
Detection rate For navigation assistance		on assistance	Within certain range, what level of detection rate is needed for navigation assistance, 95%?	
	For autonom	ous shipping	Detection rate to be defined:99%, 99.9%, or 99.99%?	
Communication link	Different rou	tes have different bandwidth requirements		
	Relative to ship length (L)	With Radar (covering radar blind area and wave interference area)	For different type/sized vessel, lookout distances at various	
Detection range		Without radar (covers all lookout area for collision avoidance)	angles should be defined, within which distance, the detection rate of defined objects should reach acceptable detection rate.	
	Relative to sl	nip speed (V)	1	
Measuring accuracy	Distance	Distance to object	\mathbf{D}_{1}	
	Distance	Distance to terminal/bank	Relative accuracy as a percentage of distance to ship/ship length Or	
	Angle	Relative angle to ship's direction of moving	Absolute accuracy in terms of meters/centimeters, and degree of	
		Relative angle to shore line at berthing	angle	
	For navigation	on assistance		
Time delay	For autonom	ous shipping	Time delay of system to detect objects with potential objects should be restricted so as not to affect the usage of the system	
	For remotely	controlled ships		



迈润航海慧眼 Marautec i-EYE

引领智能航运 保障航海安全 Smart Shipping, Digital Ocean

成为全球船舶智能航行的领导者! Marautec aspires to be a global leader In navigation safety and autonomous shipping!



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